## Condensed consolidated statement of income

	three months June 30	ended	six months ended June 30	
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues				
Natural Gas Pipelines	1,286	1,154	2,591	2,369
Liquids Pipelines	460	366	903	725
Energy	885	714	2,011	2,024
	2,631	2,234	5,505	5,118
Income from Equity Investments	119	68	256	203
Operating and Other Expenses				
Plant operating costs and other	767	684	1,521	1,489
Commodity purchases resold	426	328	1,107	1,034
Property taxes	123	119	257	242
Depreciation and amortization	440	399	874	792
Gain on sale of assets	_	(108)	_	(108)
	1,756	1,422	3,759	3,449
Financial Charges				
Interest expense	339	305	665	591
Interest income and other expense	(89)	(64)	(85)	(64)
	250	241	580	527
Income before Income Taxes	744	639	1,422	1,345
Income Tax Expense				
Current	26	23	94	82
Deferred	224	142	363	303
	250	165	457	385
Net Income	494	474	965	960
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	40	31	99	83
Net Income Attributable to Controlling Interests	454	443	866	877
Preferred share dividends	_	_	_	2
Net Income Attributable to Common Shares	454	443	866	875

# Condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income

	three months of June 30	ended	six months ended June 30		
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Net Income	494	474	965	960	
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Income Taxes					
Foreign currency translation (losses)/gains on net investment in foreign operations	(137)	(190)	332	50	
Change in fair value of net investment hedges	58	79	(208)	(48)	
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges	(36)	(4)	(21)	27	
Reclassification to net income of gains and losses on cash flow hedges	(11)	2	33	(60)	
Reclassification to net income of actuarial gains and losses and prior service costs on pension and other post-retirement benefit plans	10	5	17	9	
Other comprehensive income on equity investments	4	2	7	2	
Other comprehensive (loss)/income (Note 8)	(112)	(106)	160	(20)	
Comprehensive Income	382	368	1,125	940	
Comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	10	(8)	217	88	
Comprehensive Income Attributable to Controlling Interests	372	376	908	852	
Preferred share dividends		<u> </u>	_	2	
Comprehensive Income Attributable to Common Shares	372	376	908	850	

## Condensed consolidated statement of cash flows

	three months of June 30	ended	six months ended June 30	
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Cash Generated from Operations			,	
Net income	494	474	965	960
Depreciation and amortization	440	399	874	792
Deferred income taxes	224	142	363	303
Income from equity investments	(119)	(68)	(256)	(203)
Distributed earnings received from equity investments	145	84	280	254
Employee post-retirement benefits expense, net of funding	15	2	30	12
Gain on sale of assets	_	(108)	_	(108)
Equity AFUDC	(37)	(14)	(70)	(19)
Unrealized (gains)/losses on financial instruments	(109)	(20)	9	(7)
Other	8	28	21	33
(Increase)/decrease in operating working capital	(94)	208	(487)	82
Net cash provided by operations	967	1,127	1,729	2,099
Investing Activities				
Capital expenditures	(966)	(893)	(1,772)	(1,637)
Capital projects under development	(172)	(193)	(335)	(297)
Equity investments	(105)	(40)	(198)	(129)
Proceeds from sale of assets, net of transaction costs	_	187	_	187
Deferred amounts and other	89	25	314	72
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,154)	(914)	(1,991)	(1,804)
Financing Activities	,			
Dividends on common shares	(368)	(340)	(709)	(665)
Dividends on preferred shares	_	_	_	(4)
Distributions paid to non-controlling interests	(54)	(47)	(108)	(88)
Advances (to)/from affiliates, net	(24)	(683)	196	(683)
Notes payable (repaid)/issued, net	(749)	225	(470)	(522)
Junior subordinated debt issued, net of issue costs	917	_	917	_
Long-term debt issued, net of issue costs	84	16	2,361	1,380
Repayment of long-term debt	(867)	(205)	(1,883)	(982)
Common shares issued, net of issue costs	_	675	_	1,115
Partnership units of subsidiary issued, net of issue costs	27	_	31	_
Preferred shares redeemed	_		_	(200)
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities	(1,034)	(359)	335	(649)
Effect of Foreign Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents	(13)	(17)	16	16
(Decrease)/increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,234)	(163)	89	(338)
Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Beginning of period	1,807	720	484	895
Cash and Cash Equivalents				
End of period	573	557	573	557

## Condensed consolidated balance sheet

(unaudited millions of Canadian (t)		June 30,	December 31,
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)		2015	2014
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		573	484
Accounts receivable (Note 13)		1,452	1,372
Due from affiliates (Note 13)		2,484	2,842
Inventories		286	292
Other		1,460	1,445
		6,255	6,435
Plant, Property and Equipment, \$	net of accumulated depreciation of \$20,603 and 619,563, respectively	44,417	41,774
Equity Investments	•	5,735	5,598
Regulatory Assets		1,256	1,297
Goodwill		4,337	4,034
Intangible and Other Assets		3,103	2,700
-		65,103	61,838
LIABILITIES		:	
Current Liabilities			
Notes payable		2,086	2,467
Accounts payable and other (Note 13	3)	2,553	2,895
Due to affiliates (Note 13)		704	866
Accrued interest		460	425
Current portion of long-term debt		2,107	1,797
		7,910	8,450
Regulatory Liabilities		730	263
Other Long-Term Liabilities		1,187	1,052
Deferred Income Tax Liabilities		5,721	5,275
Long-Term Debt		24,591	22,960
Junior Subordinated Notes		2,182	1,160
		42,321	39,160
EQUITY			
Common shares, no par value		16,320	16,320
-	lune 30, 2015 - 779 million shares	•	
· ·	December 31, 2014 - 779 million shares		
Additional paid-in capital		202	404
Retained earnings		5,735	5,606
Accumulated other comprehensive lo	ss (Note 8)	(1,193)	(1,235
Controlling Interests		21,064	21,095
Non-controlling interests		1,718	1,583
		22,782	22,678
		65,103	61,838

**Contingencies and Guarantees** (Note 12)

Subsequent Event (Note 14)

# Condensed consolidated statement of equity

	six months ended	June 30
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	2015	2014
Common Shares		
Balance at beginning of period	16,320	15,205
Proceeds from shares issued	_	1,115
Balance at end of period	16,320	16,320
Preferred Shares		
Balance at beginning of period	_	194
Redemption of preferred shares	_	(194)
Balance at end of period	<u> </u>	_
Additional Paid-In Capital		
Balance at beginning of period	404	431
Dilution impact from TC PipeLines, LP units issued	4	_
Redemption of preferred shares	<del>-</del>	(6)
Impact of asset drop downs to TC Pipelines, LP	(213)	_
Other	7	4
Balance at end of period	202	429
Retained Earnings	'	
Balance at beginning of period	5,606	5,125
Net income attributable to controlling interests	866	877
Common share dividends	(737)	(680)
Preferred share dividends	_	(2)
Balance at end of period	5,735	5,320
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	,	
Balance at beginning of period	(1,235)	(934)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	42	(25)
Balance at end of period	(1,193)	(959)
Equity Attributable to Controlling Interests	21,064	21,110
Equity Attributable to Non-Controlling Interests		
Balance at beginning of period	1,583	1,417
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests		
TC PipeLines, LP	89	74
Portland	10	9
Other comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	118	5
Issuance of TC PipeLines, LP units		
Proceeds, net of issue costs	31	_
Decrease in TCPL's ownership of TC Pipelines, LP	(6)	_
Distributions declared to non-controlling interests	(107)	(90)
Foreign exchange and other		(2)
Balance at end of period	1,718	1,413
Total Equity	22,782	22,523

# Notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

## 1. Basis of presentation

These condensed consolidated financial statements of TransCanada PipeLines Limited (TCPL or the Company) have been prepared by management in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The accounting policies applied are consistent with those outlined in TCPL's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014. Capitalized and abbreviated terms that are used but not otherwise defined herein are identified in TCPL's 2014 Annual Report.

These condensed consolidated financial statements reflect adjustments, all of which are normal recurring adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary to reflect fairly the financial position and results of operations for the respective periods. These condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the 2014 audited consolidated financial statements included in TCPL's 2014 Annual Report. Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current period's presentation.

Earnings for interim periods may not be indicative of results for the fiscal year in the Company's Natural Gas Pipelines segment due to the timing of regulatory decisions and seasonal fluctuations in short-term throughput volumes on U.S. pipelines. Earnings for interim periods may also not be indicative of results for the fiscal year in the Company's Energy segment due to the impact of seasonal weather conditions on customer demand and market pricing in certain of the Company's investments in electrical power generation plants and non-regulated gas storage facilities.

#### **USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS**

In preparing these financial statements, TCPL is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect both the amount and timing of recording assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses since the determination of these items may be dependent on future events. The Company uses the most current information available and exercises careful judgement in making these estimates and assumptions. In the opinion of management, these condensed consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the Company's significant accounting policies included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, except as described in Note 2, Changes in accounting policies.

## 2. Changes in accounting policies

#### **CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR 2015**

#### Reporting discontinued operations

In April 2014, the FASB issued amended guidance on the reporting of discontinued operations. The criteria of what will qualify as a discontinued operation has changed and there are expanded disclosures required. This new guidance was applied prospectively from January 1, 2015 and there was no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements as a result of applying this new standard.

#### **FUTURE ACCOUNTING CHANGES**

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

In May 2014, the FASB issued new guidance on revenue from contracts with customers. This guidance supersedes the current revenue recognition requirements and most industry-specific guidance. This new guidance requires that an entity recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In July 2015, the FASB agreed to defer the effective date of this new standard to January 1, 2018, with early adoption not permitted before January 1, 2017. There are two methods in which the amendment can be applied: (1)

retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented, or (2) retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognized at the date of initial application.

The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU and has not yet determined the effect on its consolidated financial statements.

#### Extraordinary and unusual income statement items

In January 2015, the FASB issued new guidance on extraordinary and unusual income statement items. This update eliminates from GAAP the concept of extraordinary items. This new guidance is effective from January 1, 2016 and will be applied prospectively. The Company does not expect the adoption of this new standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

#### Consolidation

In February 2015, the FASB issued new guidance on consolidation analysis. This update requires that entities reevaluate whether they should consolidate certain legal entities and eliminates the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership. This new guidance is effective from January 1, 2016 and will be applied retrospectively. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU and has not yet determined the effect on its consolidated financial statements.

#### Imputation of interest

In April 2015, the FASB issued new guidance on simplifying the accounting for debt issuance costs. The amendments in this update require that debt issuance costs be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the debt liability consistent with debt discounts or premiums. This new guidance is effective January 1, 2016 and will be applied retrospectively. The application of this amendment will result in a reclassification of debt issuance costs currently recorded in intangible and other assets to an offset of their respective debt liabilities.

## 3. Segmented information

three months ended June 30	Natura Pipeli		Liqui Pipeli		Ener	gy	Corpo	rate	Tot	al
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues	1,286	1,154	460	366	885	714	_	_	2,631	2,234
Income from equity investments	39	37	_	_	80	31	_	_	119	68
Plant operating costs and other	(432)	(348)	(128)	(100)	(167)	(214)	(40)	(22)	(767)	(684)
Commodity purchases resold	_	_	_	_	(426)	(328)	_	_	(426)	(328)
Property taxes	(86)	(84)	(16)	(17)	(21)	(18)	_	_	(123)	(119)
Depreciation and amortization	(282)	(263)	(66)	(54)	(84)	(77)	(8)	(5)	(440)	(399)
Gain on sale of assets	_		_		_	108	_		_	108
Segmented earnings	525	496	250	195	267	216	(48)	(27)	994	880
Interest expense									(339)	(305)
Interest income and other expense									89	64
Income before income taxes									744	639
Income tax expense									(250)	(165)
Net income									494	474
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	sts								(40)	(31)
Net income attributable to controlling interes	ts								454	443
Preferred share dividends									_	_
Net income attributable to common shares									454	443

six months ended June 30	Natura Pipel		Liqu Pipeli		Ene	rgy	Corpo	rate	Tot	tal
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues	2,591	2,369	903	725	2,011	2,024	_	_	5,505	5,118
Income from equity investments	93	89	_	_	163	114	_	_	256	203
Plant operating costs and other	(827)	(681)	(239)	(201)	(375)	(547)	(80)	(60)	(1,521)	(1,489)
Commodity purchases resold	_	_	_	_	(1,107)	(1,034)	_	_	(1,107)	(1,034)
Property taxes	(176)	(170)	(39)	(34)	(42)	(38)	_	_	(257)	(242)
Depreciation and amortization	(561)	(525)	(129)	(103)	(169)	(154)	(15)	(10)	(874)	(792)
Gain on sale of assets	_		_	_	_	108		_		108
Segmented earnings	1,120	1,082	496	387	481	473	(95)	(70)	2,002	1,872
Interest expense									(665)	(591)
Interest income and other expense									85	64
Income before income taxes									1,422	1,345
Income tax expense									(457)	(385)
Net income									965	960
Net income attributable to non-controlling interes	sts								(99)	(83)
Net income attributable to controlling interes	ts								866	877
Preferred share dividends										(2)
Net income attributable to common shares									866	875

#### **TOTAL ASSETS**

(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Natural Gas Pipelines	28,559	27,103
Liquids Pipelines	17,657	16,116
Energy	14,679	14,197
Corporate	4,208	4,422
	65,103	61,838

## 4. Pipeline abandonment costs

As a result of the NEB's Land Matters Consultation Initiative (LMCI), TCPL is required to collect funds to cover estimated future pipeline abandonment costs for all NEB regulated Canadian pipelines. Amounts collected are included in regulatory liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. As at June 30, 2015, regulatory liabilities included \$117 million (December 31, 2014 - nil) of estimated future abandonment costs on the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Collected funds are placed in trusts that hold and invest the funds and are accounted for as restricted investments. As at June 30, 2015, intangible and other assets included \$117 million (December 31, 2014 - nil) of LMCI restricted investments on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. Please refer to Note 10 for information on the fair values of these investments which are classified as available for sale.

#### 5. Income taxes

At June 30, 2015, the total unrecognized tax benefit of uncertain tax positions was approximately \$14 million (December 31, 2014 - \$13 million). TCPL recognizes interest and penalties related to income tax uncertainties in income tax expense. Included in income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 is nil for interest expense and nil for penalties (June 30, 2014 - \$1 million and nil, respectively, of income for the reversal of interest expense and nil for penalties). At June 30, 2015, the Company had \$4 million accrued for interest expense and nil for penalties).

The effective tax rates for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were 32 per cent and 29 per cent, respectively. The higher effective tax rate in 2015 was primarily the result of an increase in the Alberta statutory tax rate and changes in the proportion of income earned between Canadian and foreign jurisdictions.

## 6. Long-term debt

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT ISSUED**

The Company issued long-term debt in the six months ended June 30, 2015 as follows:

(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$, unless noted otherwise)	Issue date	Туре	Maturity date	Amount	Interest rate
TRANSCANADA PIPELINES	LIMITED				
	March 2015	Senior Unsecured Notes	March 2045	US 750	4.60%
	January 2015	Senior Unsecured Notes	January 2018	US 500	1.875%
	January 2015	Senior Unsecured Notes	January 2018	US 250	Floating
TC PIPELINES, LP					
	March 2015	Senior Unsecured Notes	March 2025	US 350	4.375%
GAS TRANSMISSION NORT	THWEST LLC				
	June 2015	Unsecured Term Loan	June 2019	US 75	Floating

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT RETIRED**

The Company retired long-term debt in the six months ended June 30, 2015 as follows:

(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$, unless noted otherwise)	Retirement date	Туре	Amount	Interest rate
TRANSCANADA PIPELIN	ES LIMITED			
	June 2015	Senior Unsecured Notes	US 500	3.40%
	March 2015	Senior Unsecured Notes	US 500	0.875%
	January 2015	Senior Unsecured Notes	US 300	4.875%
GAS TRANSMISSION NO	RTHWEST LLC			
	June 2015	Senior Unsecured Notes	US 75	5.09%

In the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, TCPL capitalized interest related to capital projects of \$71 million and \$141 million, respectively (2014 - \$63 million and \$142 million, respectively).

#### 7. Junior Subordinated Notes

#### JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEBT ISSUED

(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$, unless noted otherwise)	Issue date	Туре	Maturity date	Amount	Interest rate
TRANSCANADA PIPELINES LIMITED	May 2015	Junior subordinated unsecured notes <sup>1</sup>	May 2075	US 750	5.875% <sup>2</sup>

- The Junior subordinated unsecured notes are subordinated in right of payment to existing and future senior indebtedness or other obligations of TCPL and are callable at TCPL's option at any time on or after May 20, 2025 at 100 per cent of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of redemption.
- The Junior subordinated notes were issued to TransCanada Trust. The interest rate is fixed at 5.875 per cent per annum and will reset starting May 2025 until May 2045 to the three month LIBOR plus 3.778 per cent per annum; from May 2045 to May 2075 the interest rate will reset to the three month LIBOR plus 4.528 per cent per annum.

TransCanada Trust (the Trust), a 100 per cent owned financing trust subsidiary of TCPL, issued US\$750 million Trust Notes - Series 2015-A (Trust Notes) to third party investors with a fixed interest rate of 5.625 per cent for the first ten years converting to a floating rate thereafter. All of the proceeds of the issuance by the Trust were loaned to TCPL in US\$750 million junior subordinated notes of TCPL at a rate of 5.875 per cent which includes a 0.25 per cent administration charge. While the obligations of the Trust are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by TCPL, on a subordinated basis, the Trust is not consolidated in TCPL's financial statements because TCPL does not have a variable interest in the Trust and the only substantive assets of the Trust are receivables from TCPL.

## 8. Other comprehensive income/(loss) and accumulated other comprehensive loss

Components of other comprehensive income/(loss) including non-controlling interests and the related tax effects are as follows:

three months ended June 30, 2015 (unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	Before tax amount	Income tax recovery/ (expense)	Net of tax amount
Foreign currency translation losses on net investment in foreign operations	(135)	(2)	(137)
Change in fair value of net investment hedges	76	(18)	58
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges	(50)	14	(36)
Reclassification to net income of gains and losses on cash flow hedges	(17)	6	(11)
Reclassification to net income of actuarial gains and losses and prior service costs on pension and other post-retirement benefit plans	10	_	10
Other comprehensive income on equity investments	5	(1)	4
Other comprehensive loss	(111)	(1)	(112)

three months ended June 30, 2014	Before tax	Income tax recovery/	Net of tax
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	amount	(expense)	amount
Foreign currency translation losses on net investment in foreign operations	(140)	(50)	(190)
Change in fair value of net investment hedges	107	(28)	79
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges	(9)	5	(4)
Reclassification to net income of gains and losses on cash flow hedges	4	(2)	2
Reclassification to net income of actuarial gains and losses and prior service costs on pension and other post-retirement benefit plans	7	(2)	5
Other comprehensive income on equity investments	1	1	2
Other comprehensive loss	(30)	(76)	(106)

six months ended June 30, 2015 (unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	Before tax amount	Income tax recovery/ (expense)	Net of tax amount
Foreign currency translation gains on net investments in foreign operations	325	7	332
Change in fair value of net investment hedges	(283)	75	(208)
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges	(29)	8	(21)
Reclassification to net income of gains and losses on cash flow hedges	56	(23)	33
Reclassification to net income of actuarial gains and losses and prior service costs on pension and other post-retirement benefit plans	20	(3)	17
Other comprehensive income on equity investments	9	(2)	7
Other comprehensive income	98	62	160

six months ended June 30, 2014 (unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	Before tax amount	Income tax recovery/ (expense)	Net of tax amount
Foreign currency translation gains on net investments in foreign operations	51	(1)	50
Change in fair value of net investment hedges	(64)	16	(48)
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges	42	(15)	27
Reclassification to net income of gains and losses on cash flow hedges	(99)	39	(60)
Reclassification to net income of actuarial gains and losses and prior service costs on pension and other post-retirement benefit plans	13	(4)	9
Other comprehensive gain on equity investments	1	1	2
Other comprehensive loss	(56)	36	(20)

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component are as follows:

three months ended June 30, 2015 (unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	Currency translation adjustments	Cash flow hedges	Pension and OPEB plan adjustments	Equity investments	Total <sup>1</sup>
AOCI balance at April 1, 2015	(463)	(69)	(274)	(305)	(1,111)
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications <sup>2</sup>	(49)	(36)	_	_	(85)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	_	(11)	10	4	3
Net current period other comprehensive (loss)/income	(49)	(47)	10	4	(82)
AOCI balance at June 30, 2015	(512)	(116)	(264)	(301)	(1,193)

- 1 All amounts are net of tax. Amounts in parentheses indicate losses recorded to OCI.
- 2 Other comprehensive income before reclassifications on currency translation adjustments is net of non-controlling interest loss of \$30 million.

six months ended June 30, 2015 (unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	Currency translation adjustments	Cash flow hedges	Pension and OPEB plan adjustments	Equity Investments	Total <sup>1</sup>
AOCI balance at January 1, 2015	(518)	(128)	(281)	(308)	(1,235)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) before reclassifications <sup>2</sup>	6	(21)	_	_	(15)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss <sup>3</sup>	_	33	17	7	57
Net current period other comprehensive income	6	12	17	7	42
AOCI balance at June 30, 2015	(512)	(116)	(264)	(301)	(1,193)

- 1 All amounts are net of tax. Amounts in parentheses indicate losses recorded to OCI.
- 2 Other comprehensive income before reclassifications on currency translation adjustments is net of non-controlling interest gain of \$118 million
- Losses related to cash flow hedges reported in AOCI and expected to be reclassified to net income in the next 12 months are estimated to be \$78 million (\$49 million, net of tax) at June 30, 2015. These estimates assume constant commodity prices, interest rates and foreign exchange rates over time, however, the amounts reclassified will vary based on the actual value of these factors at the date of settlement.

Details about reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive loss are as follows:

	Am accumula	Affected line item				
	three months ended June 30		six months ended June 30		in the condensed consolidated statement of	
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	2015	2014	2015 2014		income	
Cash flow hedges						
Power and Natural Gas	21	(1)	(48)	107	Revenue (Energy)	
Interest	(4)	(3)	(8)	(8)	Interest expense	
	17	(4)	(56)	99	Total before tax	
	(6)	2	23	(39)	Income tax expense	
	11	(2)	(33)	60	Net of tax	
Pension and OPEB plan adjustments	,					
Amortization of actuarial loss and past service cost	(10)	(7)	(20)	(13)	2	
	_	2	3	4	Income tax expense	
	(10)	(5)	(17)	(9)	Net of tax	
Equity Investments	-					
Equity income	(5)	(1)	(9)	(1)	Income from equity investments	
	1	(1)	2	(1)	Income tax expense	
	(4)	(2)	(7)	(2)	Net of tax	

- 1 All amounts in parentheses indicate expenses to the condensed consolidated statement of income.
- 2 These accumulated other comprehensive loss components are included in the computation of net benefit cost. Refer to Note 9 for additional detail.

## 9. Employee post-retirement benefits

The net benefit cost recognized for the Company's defined benefit pension plans and other post-retirement benefit plans is as follows:

	three months ended June 30				six month June			
	Pension b		Other pretirement plan	benefit	Pension b		Other p retirement plans	benefit
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Service cost	27	21	_	_	54	43	1	1
Interest cost	29	28	3	3	57	56	5	5
Expected return on plan assets	(39)	(34)	(1)	(1)	(77)	(69)	(1)	(1)
Amortization of actuarial loss	8	6	1	_	17	11	2	1
Amortization of past service cost	1	1	_	_	1	1	_	_
Amortization of regulatory asset	6	4	_	_	12	9	_	_
Amortization of transitional obligation related to regulated business	_	_	1	1	_	_	1	1
Net benefit cost recognized	32	26	4	3	64	51	8	7

## 10. Risk management and financial instruments

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT OVERVIEW**

TCPL has exposure to market risk and counterparty credit risk, and has strategies, policies and limits in place to manage the impact of these risks on earnings, cash flow and, ultimately, shareholder value.

#### **COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK**

TCPL's maximum counterparty credit exposure with respect to financial instruments at June 30, 2015, without taking into account security held, consisted of accounts receivable, portfolio investments recorded at fair value, the fair value of derivative assets and notes, loans and advances receivable. At June 30, 2015, there were no significant amounts past due or impaired, and there were no significant credit losses during the period.

The Company had a credit risk concentration due from a counterparty of \$222 million (US\$178 million) and \$258 million (US\$222 million) at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. This amount is expected to be fully collectible and is secured by a guarantee from the counterparty's investment grade parent company.

#### **NET INVESTMENT IN FOREIGN OPERATIONS**

The Company hedges its net investment in foreign operations (on an after-tax basis) with U.S. dollar-denominated debt, cross-currency interest rate swaps and foreign exchange forward contracts.

#### U.S. dollar-denominated debt designated as a net investment hedge

(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$, unless noted otherwise)	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Carrying value	19,500 (US 15,600)	17,000 (US 14,700)
Fair value	21,400 (US 17,200)	19,000 (US 16,400)

#### Derivatives designated as a net investment hedge

	June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014		
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$, unless noted otherwise)	Fair value <sup>1</sup>	Notional or principal amount	Fair value <sup>1</sup>	Notional or principal amount	
Asset/(liability)					
U.S. dollar cross-currency interest rate swaps					
(maturing 2015 to 2019) <sup>2</sup>	(560)	US 2,500	(431)	US 2,900	
U.S. dollar foreign exchange forward contracts					
(maturing 2015)	(39)	US 1,572	(28)	US 1,400	
	(599)	US 4,072	(459)	US 4,300	

- 1 Fair values equal carrying values.
- 2 Net income in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 included net realized gains of \$2 million and \$5 million, respectively, (2014 gains of \$5 million and \$11 million, respectively) related to the interest component of cross-currency swaps which is offset in interest expense.

#### Balance sheet presentation of net investment hedges

The balance sheet classification of the fair value of derivatives used to hedge the Company's net investment in foreign operations is as follows:

(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Other current assets	23	5
Intangible and other assets	1	1
Accounts payable and other	(269)	(155)
Other long-term liabilities	(354)	(310)
	(599)	(459)

#### **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

#### Non-derivative financial instruments

#### Fair value of non-derivative financial instruments

The fair value of the Company's notes receivable is calculated by discounting future payments of interest and principal using forward interest rates. The fair value of long-term debt and junior subordinated notes is estimated using an income approach based on quoted market prices for the same or similar debt instruments from external data service providers.

Available for sale assets are recorded at fair value which is calculated using quoted market prices where available. Certain non-derivative financial instruments included in cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, due from affiliates, intangible and other assets, notes payable, accounts payable and other, due to affiliates, accrued interest and other long-term liabilities have carrying amounts that approximate their fair value due to the nature of the item or the short time to maturity and would also be classified in Level II of the fair value hierarchy.

Credit risk has been taken into consideration when calculating the fair value of non-derivative instruments.

#### Balance sheet presentation of non-derivative financial instruments

The following table details the fair value of the non-derivative financial instruments, excluding those with carrying amounts that approximate fair value, that would be classified in Level II of the fair value hierarchy:

	June 30,	2015	December 31, 2014		
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	
Notes receivable and other <sup>1</sup>	192	237	213	263	
Current and long-term debt <sup>2,3</sup>	(26,698)	(30,556)	(24,757)	(28,713)	
Junior subordinated notes	(2,182)	(2,124)	(1,160)	(1,157)	
	(28,688)	(32,443)	(25,704)	(29,607)	

- 1 Notes receivable are included in other current assets and intangible and other assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheet.
- 2 Long-term debt is recorded at amortized cost, except for US\$750 million (December 31, 2014 US\$400 million) that is attributed to hedged risk and recorded at fair value.
- 3 Consolidated net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 included unrealized gains of \$3 million and nil, respectively, (2014 gains of \$1 million and losses of \$5 million, respectively) for fair value adjustments attributable to the hedged interest rate risk associated with interest rate swap fair value hedging relationships on US\$750 million of long-term debt at June 30, 2015 (December 31, 2014 US\$400 million). There were no other unrealized gains or losses from fair value adjustments to the non-derivative financial instruments.

#### Available for sale assets summary

The following tables summarize additional information about the Company's restricted investments that are classified as available for sale assets:

	June 3	0, 2015	December 31, 2014		
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	LMCI restricted investments	Other restricted investments <sup>2</sup>	LMCI restricted investments	Other restricted investments <sup>2</sup>	
Fair Values <sup>1</sup>					
Fixed income securities (maturing within 5 years)	_	74	_	75	
Fixed income securities (maturing after 10 years)	117	_	_	_	
	117	74	_	75	

- 1 Available for sale assets are recorded at fair value and included in intangible and other assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheet
- 2 Other restricted investments have been set aside to fund insurance claim losses to be paid by the Company's wholly-owned captive insurance subsidiary.

	June 30	), 2015	June 30, 2014		
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	LMCI restricted investments <sup>1</sup>	Other restricted investments <sup>2</sup>	LMCI restricted investments <sup>1</sup>	Other restricted investments <sup>2</sup>	
Net unrealized losses in the period					
three months ended	(3)	_	<del>_</del>	_	
six months ended	(3)	_		_	

- Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of LMCI restricted investments impact the subsequent amounts to be collected through tolls to cover future pipeline abandonment costs. As a result, the Company records these gains and losses as regulatory assets or liabilities.
- Other restricted investments have been set aside to fund insurance claim losses to be paid by the Company's wholly-owned captive insurance subsidiary.

#### **Derivative instruments**

#### Fair value of derivative instruments

The fair value of foreign exchange and interest rate derivatives has been calculated using the income approach which uses period end market rates and applies a discounted cash flow valuation model. The fair value of power

and natural gas derivatives has been calculated using quoted market prices where available. In the absence of quoted market prices, third-party broker quotes or other valuation techniques have been used. Credit risk has been taken into consideration when calculating the fair value of derivative instruments.

In some cases, even though the derivatives are considered to be effective economic hedges, they do not meet the specific criteria for hedge accounting treatment or are not designated as a hedge and are accounted for at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in net income in the period of change. This may expose the Company to increased variability in reported earnings because the fair value of the derivative instruments can fluctuate significantly from period to period.

#### Balance sheet presentation of derivative instruments

The balance sheet classification of the fair value of the derivative instruments is as follows:

(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Other current assets	369	409
Intangible and other assets	134	93
Accounts payable and other	(775)	(749)
Other long-term liabilities	(531)	(411)
	(803)	(658)

#### 2015 derivative instruments summary

The following summary does not include hedges of the Company's net investment in foreign operations.

(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$, unless noted otherwise)	Power	Natural gas	Foreign exchange	Interest
Derivative instruments held for trading <sup>1</sup>				
Fair values <sup>2,3</sup>				
Assets	\$381	\$45	\$2	\$5
Liabilities	(\$416)	(\$86)	(\$32)	(\$5)
Notional values <sup>3</sup>				
Volumes <sup>4</sup>				
Purchases	67,765	98	_	_
Sales	55,016	57	_	_
U.S. dollars	_	_	US 1,352	US 100
Net unrealized gains/(losses) in the period <sup>5</sup>				
three months ended June 30, 2015	\$27	(\$4)	\$30	<b>\$—</b>
six months ended June 30, 2015	\$1	(\$4)	\$1	<b>\$</b> —
Net realized (losses)/gains in the period <sup>5</sup>				
three months ended June 30, 2015	(\$23)	(\$10)	(\$10)	<b>\$—</b>
six months ended June 30, 2015	(\$33)	\$1	(\$53)	<b>\$—</b>
Maturity dates <sup>3</sup>	2015-2020	2015-2020	2015-2016	2015-2016
Derivative instruments in hedging relationships <sup>6,7</sup>				
Fair values <sup>2,3</sup>				
Assets	\$42	<b>\$—</b>	<b>\$—</b>	\$4
Liabilities	(\$141)	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$—</b>	(\$3)
Notional values <sup>3</sup>				
Volumes <sup>4</sup>				
Purchases	13,886	_	_	_
Sales	4,120	_	_	_
U.S. dollars	_	_	_	US 900
Net realized (losses)/gains in the period <sup>5</sup>				
three months ended June 30, 2015	(\$113)	<b>\$—</b>	<b>\$—</b>	\$2
six months ended June 30, 2015	(\$97)	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$4
Maturity dates <sup>3</sup>	2015-2020	_	_	2015-2019

- The majority of derivative instruments held for trading have been entered into for risk management purposes and all are subject to the Company's risk management strategies, policies and limits. These include derivatives that have not been designated as hedges or do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment but have been entered into as economic hedges to manage the Company's exposures to market risk.
- 2 Fair values equal carrying values.
- 3 As at June 30, 2015.
- 4 Volumes for power and natural gas derivatives are in GWh and Bcf, respectively.
- Realized and unrealized gains and losses on held for trading derivative instruments used to purchase and sell power and natural gas are included net in energy revenues. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on interest rate and foreign exchange derivative instruments held for trading are included net in interest expense and interest income and other expense, respectively. The effective portion of the change in fair value of derivative instruments in hedging relationships is initially recognized in OCI and reclassified to energy revenues, interest expense and interest income and other expense, as appropriate, as the original hedged item settles.
- All hedging relationships are designated as cash flow hedges except for interest rate derivative instruments designated as fair value hedges with a fair value of \$3 million and a notional amount of US\$750 million as at June 30, 2015. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, net realized gains on fair value hedges were \$2 million and \$4 million, respectively, and were included in interest expense. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company did not record any amounts in net income related to ineffectiveness for fair value hedges.
- 7 For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, there were no gains or losses included in net income for discontinued cash flow hedges where it was probable that the anticipated transaction would not occur.

#### 2014 derivative instruments summary

The following summary does not include hedges of the Company's net investment in foreign operations.

(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$, unless noted otherwise)	Power	Natural gas	Foreign exchange	Interest
Derivative instruments held for trading <sup>1</sup>				
Fair values <sup>2,3</sup>				
Assets	\$362	\$69	\$1	\$4
Liabilities	(\$391)	(\$103)	(\$32)	(\$4)
Notional values <sup>3</sup>				
Volumes <sup>4</sup>				
Purchases	42,097	60	_	_
Sales	35,452	38	_	_
U.S. dollars	_	_	US 1,374	US 100
Net unrealized gains/(losses) in the period <sup>5</sup>				
three months ended June 30, 2014	\$6	(\$14)	\$25	\$
six months ended June 30, 2014	\$15	(\$21)	\$23	\$—
Net realized (losses)/gains in the period <sup>5</sup>				
three months ended June 30, 2014	(\$3)	(\$4)	(\$1)	\$—
six months ended June 30, 2014	(\$31)	\$46	(\$18)	\$—
Maturity dates <sup>3</sup>	2015-2019	2015-2020	2015	2015-2016
Derivative instruments in hedging relationships <sup>6,7</sup>				
Fair values <sup>2,3</sup>				
Assets	\$57	\$—	\$—	\$3
Liabilities	(\$163)	\$—	\$—	(\$2)
Notional values <sup>3</sup>				
Volumes <sup>4</sup>				
Purchases	11,120	_	_	_
Sales	3,977	_	_	_
U.S. dollars	_	_	_	US 550
Net realized (losses)/gains in the period <sup>5</sup>				
three months ended June 30, 2014	(\$4)	\$—	\$—	\$1
six months ended June 30, 2014	\$188	\$—	\$—	\$2
Maturity dates <sup>3</sup>	2015-2019	_	_	2015-2018

- The majority of derivative instruments held for trading have been entered into for risk management purposes and all are subject to the Company's risk management strategies, policies and limits. These include derivatives that have not been designated as hedges or do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment but have been entered into as economic hedges to manage the Company's exposures to market risk.
- 2 Fair values equal carrying values.
- 3 As at December 31, 2014.
- 4 Volumes for power and natural gas derivatives are in GWh and Bcf, respectively.
- Realized and unrealized gains and losses on held for trading derivative instruments used to purchase and sell power and natural gas are included net in energy revenues. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on interest rate and foreign exchange derivative instruments held for trading are included net in interest expense and interest income and other expense, respectively. The effective portion of the change in fair value of derivative instruments in hedging relationships is initially recognized in OCI and reclassified to energy revenues, interest expense and interest income and other expense, as appropriate, as the original hedged item settles.
- All hedging relationships are designated as cash flow hedges except for interest rate derivative instruments designated as fair value hedges with a fair value of \$3 million and a notional amount of US\$400 million as at December 31, 2014. Net realized gains on fair value hedges for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 were \$2 million and \$3 million, respectively, and were included in interest expense. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company did not record any amounts in net income related to ineffectiveness for fair value hedges.
- 7 For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, there were no gains or losses included in net income for discontinued cash flow hedges where it was probable that the anticipated transaction would not occur.

#### Derivatives in cash flow hedging relationships

The components of OCI (Note 8) related to derivatives in cash flow hedging relationships are as follows:

	three months e June 30	nded	six months er June 30	ided
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$, pre-tax)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Change in fair value of derivative instruments recognized in OCI (effective portion) <sup>1</sup>				
Power	(50)	(7)	(29)	34
Natural gas	_	(1)	_	(1)
Foreign exchange	_	_	_	10
Interest	_	(1)	_	(1)
	(50)	(9)	(29)	42
Reclassification of (losses)/gains on derivative instruments from AOCI to net income (effective portion) <sup>1</sup> Power <sup>2</sup>	(21)	(1)	48	(109)
Natural gas <sup>2</sup>	_	2	_	(,
				2
Interest <sup>3</sup>	4	3	8	, ,
Interest <sup>3</sup>	4 (17)	3	8 56	2
Interest <sup>3</sup> Gains/(losses) on derivative instruments recognized in net income (ineffective portion)				2 8
Gains/(losses) on derivative instruments recognized in net				2

No amounts have been excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness. Amounts in parentheses indicate losses recorded to OCI

#### Offsetting of derivative instruments

The Company enters into derivative contracts with the right to offset in the normal course of business as well as in the event of default. TCPL has no master netting agreements, however, similar contracts are entered into containing rights to offset. The Company has elected to present the fair value of derivative instruments with the right to offset on a gross basis in the balance sheet. The following table shows the impact on the presentation of the fair value of derivative instrument assets and liabilities had the Company elected to present these contracts on a net basis:

at June 30, 2015 (unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	Gross derivative instruments presented on the balance sheet	Amounts available for offset <sup>1</sup>	Net amounts
Derivative - Asset			
Power	423	(351)	72
Natural gas	45	(35)	10
Foreign exchange	26	(26)	_
Interest	9	(1)	8
Total	503	(413)	90
Derivative - Liability			
Power	(557)	351	(206)
Natural gas	(86)	35	(51)
Foreign exchange	(655)	26	(629)
Interest	(8)	1	(7)
Total	(1,306)	413	(893)

<sup>1</sup> Amounts available for offset do not include cash collateral pledged or received.

<sup>2</sup> Reported within energy revenues on the condensed consolidated statement of income.

<sup>3</sup> Reported within interest expense on the condensed consolidated statement of income.

The following table shows the impact on the presentation of the fair value of derivative instrument assets and liabilities had the Company elected to present these contracts on a net basis as at December 31, 2014:

at December 31, 2014 (unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	Gross derivative instruments presented on the balance sheet	Amounts available for offset <sup>1</sup>	Net amounts
Derivative - Asset			
Power	419	(330)	89
Natural gas	69	(57)	12
Foreign exchange	7	(7)	_
Interest	7	(1)	6
Total	502	(395)	107
Derivative - Liability			
Power	(554)	330	(224)
Natural gas	(103)	57	(46)
Foreign exchange	(497)	7	(490)
Interest	(6)	1	(5)
Total	(1,160)	395	(765)

Amounts available for offset do not include cash collateral pledged or received.

With respect to all financial arrangements, including the derivative instruments presented above as at June 30, 2015, the Company had provided cash collateral of \$517 million (December 31, 2014 - \$459 million) and letters of credit of \$40 million (December 31, 2014 - \$26 million) to its counterparties. The Company held nil (December 31, 2014 - \$1 million) in cash collateral and \$4 million (December 31, 2014 - \$1 million) in letters of credit from counterparties on asset exposures at June 30, 2015.

#### Credit risk related contingent features of derivative instruments

Derivative contracts entered into to manage market risk often contain financial assurance provisions that allow parties to the contracts to manage credit risk. These provisions may require collateral to be provided if a credit-risk-related contingent event occurs, such as a downgrade in the Company's credit rating to non-investment grade.

Based on contracts in place and market prices at June 30, 2015, the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features that were in a net liability position was \$4 million (December 31, 2014 - \$15 million), for which the Company had provided collateral in the normal course of business of nil (December 31, 2014 - nil). If the credit-risk-related contingent features in these agreements were triggered on June 30, 2015, the Company would have been required to provide additional collateral of \$4 million (December 31, 2014 - \$15 million) to its counterparties. Collateral may also need to be provided should the fair value of derivative instruments exceed pre-defined contractual exposure limit thresholds.

The Company has sufficient liquidity in the form of cash and undrawn committed revolving bank lines to meet these contingent obligations should they arise.

#### **FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY**

The Company's financial assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized into three categories based on a fair value hierarchy.

Levels	How fair value has been determined
Level I	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.
Level II	Valuation based on the extrapolation of inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level I, for which all significant inputs are observable directly or indirectly.
	Inputs include published exchange rates, interest rates, interest rate swap curves, yield curves and broker quotes from external data service providers.
	This category includes interest rate and foreign exchange derivative assets and liabilities where fair value is determined using the income approach and power and natural gas commodity derivatives where fair value is determined using the market approach.
	Transfers between Level I and Level II would occur when there is a change in market circumstances.
Level III	Valuation of assets and liabilities are measured using a market approach based on extrapolation of inputs that are unobservable or where observable data does not support a significant portion of the derivatives fair value. This category includes long-dated commodity transactions in certain markets where liquidity is low and inputs may include long-term broker quotes.
	Long-term electricity prices may also be estimated using a third-party modeling tool which takes into account physical operating characteristics of generation facilities in the markets in which the Company operates. Model inputs include market fundamentals such as fuel prices, power supply additions and retirements, power demand, seasonal hydro conditions and transmission constraints. Long-term North American natural gas prices might be estimated on a view of future natural gas supply and demand, as well as exploration and development costs. Significant decreases in fuel prices or demand for electricity or natural gas, or increases in the supply of electricity or natural gas, small number of transactions in markets with lower liquidity are expected to or may result in a lower fair value measurement of contracts included in Level III.
	Assets and liabilities measured at fair value can fluctuate between Level II and Level III depending on the proportion of the value of the contract that extends beyond the time frame for which significant inputs are considered to be observable. As contracts near maturity and observable market data becomes available, they are transferred out of Level III and into Level II.

The fair value of the Company's derivative instrument assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis, including both current and non-current portions, are categorized as follows:

at June 30, 2015	Quoted prices in active markets	Significant other observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$, pre-tax)	(Level I) <sup>1</sup>	(Level II) <sup>1</sup>	(Level III) <sup>1</sup>	Total
Derivative instrument assets:				
Power commodity contracts	<del>-</del>	419	4	423
Natural gas commodity contracts	26	9	10	45
Foreign exchange contracts	_	26	_	26
Interest rate contracts	_	9	_	9
Derivative instrument liabilities:				
Power commodity contracts	_	(554)	(3)	(557)
Natural gas commodity contracts	(70)	(16)	_	(86)
Foreign exchange contracts	_	(655)	_	(655)
Interest rate contracts		(8)		(8)
	(44)	(770)	11	(803)

<sup>1</sup> There were no transfers from Level I to Level II or from Level II to Level III for the six months ended June 30, 2015.

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis, including both current and non-current portions for 2014, are categorized as follows:

at December 31, 2014	Quoted prices in active markets	Significant other observable inputs	Significant unobservable inputs	
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$, pre-tax)	(Level I) <sup>1</sup>	(Level II) <sup>1</sup>	(Level III) <sup>1</sup>	Total
Derivative instrument assets:				
Power commodity contracts	_	417	2	419
Natural gas commodity contracts	40	24	5	69
Foreign exchange contracts	_	7	<del>_</del>	7
Interest rate contracts	_	7	<del>-</del>	7
Derivative instrument liabilities:				
Power commodity contracts	_	(551)	(3)	(554)
Natural gas commodity contracts	(86)	(17)	<del>_</del>	(103)
Foreign exchange contracts	_	(497)	_	(497)
Interest rate contracts	_	(6)	_	(6)
	(46)	(616)	4	(658)

<sup>1</sup> There were no transfers from Level I to Level II or from Level II to Level III for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The following table presents the net change in fair value of derivative assets and liabilities classified as Level III of the fair value hierarchy:

	three months en June 30	ded	six months ended June 30	
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$, pre-tax)	2015	2014	2015	2014
Balance at beginning of period	2	1	4	1
Transfers into Level III	3	_	3	_
Total gains/(losses) included in net income	8	(2)	5	(2)
Total losses included in OCI	(2)	_	(1)	_
Balance at end of period <sup>1</sup>	11	(1)	11	(1)

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, energy revenues include unrealized gains attributed to derivatives in the Level III category that were still held at June 30, 2015 of \$11 million and \$8 million, respectively (2014 - losses of \$2 million and \$2 million, respectively).

A 10 per cent increase or decrease in commodity prices, with all other variables held constant, would result in a \$1 million increase or decrease, respectively, in the fair value of outstanding derivative instruments included in Level III as at June 30, 2015.

## 11. Sale of GTN Pipeline to TC PipeLines, LP

On April 1, 2015, TCPL completed the sale of its remaining 30 per cent interest in Gas Transmission Northwest (GTN) to TC PipeLines, LP for an aggregate purchase price of US\$446 million plus a purchase price adjustment of US\$11 million. The US\$457 million sale was comprised of US\$264 million in cash, the assumption of US\$98 million in proportional GTN debt and US\$95 million of new Class B units of TC PipeLines, LP.

## 12. Contingencies and guarantees

TCPL and its subsidiaries are subject to various legal proceedings, arbitrations and actions arising in the normal course of business. While the final outcome of such legal proceedings and actions cannot be predicted with certainty, it is the opinion of management that the resolution of such proceedings and actions will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

#### **GUARANTEES**

TCPL and its joint venture partner on Bruce Power, BPC Generation Infrastructure Trust (BPC), have each severally guaranteed certain contingent financial obligations of Bruce B related to a lease agreement and contractor and supplier services. In addition, TCPL and BPC have each severally guaranteed one-half of certain contingent financial obligations of Bruce A related to a sublease agreement and certain other financial obligations. The Company's exposure under certain of these guarantees is unlimited.

In addition to the guarantees for Bruce Power, the Company and its partners in certain other jointly owned entities have either (i) jointly and severally, (ii) jointly or (iii) severally guaranteed the financial performance of these entities related primarily to delivery of natural gas, PPA payments and the payment of liabilities. For certain of these entities, any payments made by TCPL under these guarantees in excess of its ownership interest are to be reimbursed by its partners.

The carrying value of these guarantees has been included in other long-term liabilities. Information regarding the Company's guarantees is as follows:

	_	at June 30, 2015		at December	31, 2014
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	Term	Potential exposure <sup>1</sup>	Carrying value	Potential exposure <sup>1</sup>	Carrying value
Bruce Power	ranging to 2019 <sup>2</sup>	573	5	634	6
Other jointly owned entities	ranging to 2040	71	14	104	14
		644	19	738	20

- TCPL's share of the potential estimated current or contingent exposure.
- 2 Except for one guarantee with no termination date.

## 13. Related Party Transactions

The following amounts are included in due from affiliates:

		2015		2014	
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	Maturity Date	Outstanding June 30	Effective Interest Rate	Outstanding December 31	Effective Interest Rate
Discount Notes <sup>1</sup>	2015	2,434	1.0%	2,597	1.3%
Credit Facility <sup>2</sup>		50	2.9%	245	3.0%
		2,484		2,842	

- 1 Issued to TransCanada. Interest on the discount notes is equivalent to current commercial paper rates.
- 2 Issued to TransCanada. This facility is repayable on demand and bears interest at the Royal Bank of Canada prime rate per annum.

In the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, interest income included \$8 million and \$18 million, respectively as a result of inter-corporate lending to TransCanada (June 30, 2014 - \$9 million and \$17 million, respectively).

At June 30, 2015, accounts receivable included \$45 million due from TransCanada (December 31, 2014 - \$59 million).

The following amounts are included in due to affiliates:

		2015		2014	
(unaudited - millions of Canadian \$)	Maturity Date	Outstanding June 30	Effective Interest Rate	Outstanding December 31	Effective Interest Rate
Credit Facility <sup>1</sup>	2016	704	3.6%	866	3.8%
		704		866	

<sup>1</sup> TransCanada has an unsecured \$3.5 billion credit facility with a subsidiary of TCPL. Interest on this facility is charged at Reuters prime rate plus 75 basis points.

In the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, interest expense included \$8 million and \$16 million, respectively of interest charges as a result of inter-corporate borrowing (June 30, 2014 - \$9 million and \$21 million, respectively).

At June 30, 2015, accounts payable and other included \$2 million due to TransCanada (December 31, 2014 - \$16 million).

At June 30, 2015, accrued interest included nil of interest payable to TransCanada (December 31, 2014 - \$1 million).

The company made interest payments of \$8 million and \$17 million, respectively to TransCanada in the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 (June 30, 2014 - \$1 million and \$14 million, respectively).

## 14. Subsequent event

On July 17, 2015, TCPL completed an offering of \$750 million, 3.3 per cent Medium Term Notes due July 17, 2025.